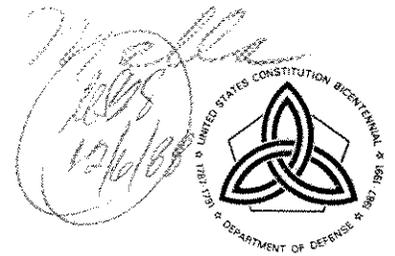




OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

6301 LITTLE RIVER TURNPIKE, SUITE 210  
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22312-5044



DEFENSE LOGISTICS  
STANDARD SYSTEMS OFFICE

DLSSO-B

06 DEC 1988

SUBJECT: MILSTRIP Focal Point Committee Meeting 89-1, 4-6 October 1988

TO: Commander, U.S. Army Materiel Command  
ATTN: AMCSM-MSM  
Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command  
ATTN: SUP 0323  
Commander, Air Force Logistics Command  
ATTN: AFLC/MMLSC  
Commandant of the Marine Corps  
ATTN: LPS-4  
Commandant, U.S. Coast Guard  
ATTN: G-ELM-2  
General Services Administration, Federal Supply Service  
ATTN: FCS, Room 500  
Commander, Field Command, Defense Nuclear Agency  
ATTN: FCLMM  
Director, National Security Agency  
ATTN: L111  
Director, Defense Logistics Agency  
ATTN: DLA-OSC  
U.S. Transportation Command, Director of Deployment  
ATTN: TCJ6-DA

1. The enclosed Memorandum for Record is forwarded for your information.
2. The action officer for this subject is Mr. Philip M. Smith, AUTOVON 284-6062.

JAMES R. LEWIS  
Chief  
Distribution Standard  
Systems Division

1 Encl

cc:  
DASD(L)SD  
MRSA (AMXMD-SM)  
DAAS-VL  
AF/SSC-SMS  
AFLC (MMLII)  
NAVAIR (41212)  
DLA-SMS  
DLA-OSF  
ASO (ASO-SS)  
DRMS (DRMS-OGS)  
NAVSUP (0732)  
AMC (AMCSM-MTI)



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DLSSO-BM

06 DEC 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: MILSTRIP Focal Point Committee Meeting 89-1, 4-6 October 1988

1. Subject meeting was convened at 0830 hours, 4 October 1988, 6301 Little River Turnpike, Alexandria, VA. A list of attendees is at enclosure 1.

2. The following topics were discussed by the committee:

a. Topic 1. PMCL 470A, Requisitioning from Reclamation.

(1) Discussion.

(a) At MILSTRIP meeting 88-4, 24-26 August 1988, the focal points were not in agreement with PMCL 470A procedures. The focal points, at MILSTRIP meeting 88-4, developed questions and identified areas requiring resolution by the DoD Reclamation Work Group (DRWG). During MILSTRIP meeting 89-1, the DRWG chairman and the OSD action officer for DoD Personal Property Utilization and Disposal Program provided clarification of issues to interface proposed MILSTRIP procedures with DoD 4160.21-M, Defense Utilization and Disposal Manual, chapter XXII. The following are areas that required clarification and the agreements reached by the MILSTRIP focal point committee:

1 Question: Are DI Codes AØP/AØQ necessary? PMCL 470A assigns DI Codes AØR (for NSN), AØP (for part number), and AØQ (for other) DoD 4160.21-M, chapter XXII, attachment 1, DI Codes JRA/JRC formats call for a NSN in rp 8-22. Paragraph F.5.B. (last sentence), however, says "a separate JRC will be prepared when different NSNs or manufacturers' part numbers apply to the item in the group."

Agreement: MILSTRIP reclamation requisitions will utilize DI Codes AØP, AØQ, and AØR as appropriate.

2 Question: What DI code should the requisitioner use on reclamation at a DRMO if the item does not have an NSN? DoD 4160.21-M, chapter XXII, paragraph L., states DI Code AØR will be used.

Agreement: MILSTRIP DRMO reclamation requisitions will utilize DI Codes AØP, AØQ, and AØR as appropriate.

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3 Comment: DoD 4160.21-M, chapter XXII, paragraph I., states reclaimed assets will be Condition Code A, F, or R. Condition Code R will be used if reclaiming activity does not have the capability to verify that the condition of the reclaimed asset is equal to or better than that specified by the requisitioner. MILSTRIP will require the reclaiming activity to cancel the requisition (Status Code CB) and identify the correct condition code in the status transaction, if the requested condition code is not available.

Agreement: MILSTRIP procedures will have two options based on the reclamation requisition: (1) the reclaiming activity will fill the requisition with condition code materiel requested or better condition code materiel; and (2) the reclamation requisition may contain an advice code that will restrict the reclamation activity to provide only materiel in the condition requested, or, reject the requisition. If it is necessary to reject a reclamation requisition because the requisitioned condition of materiel is not available, the condition code of materiel that is available will be provided to the requisitioner.

4 Comment: DoD 4160.21-M, chapter XXII, paragraph G.; Marine Corps requests that validation instructions be provided for this paragraph.

Agreement: The revised chapter XXII will include appropriate reclamation validation instructions.

5 Comment: DoD 4160.21-M, chapter XXII, paragraph J., states requiring activity will reimburse the reclaiming activity for the cost of reclamation. The reclaiming activity may waive reimbursement as appropriate. Question: Are reclamation requisitions free issue or funded? MILSTRIP recommends free issue similar to requisitions from disposal. If reclamation requisitions are funded, RODS must be processed by reclaiming activities.

Agreement: Reclamation requisitions will be free issue. For free issue materiel obtained from reclamation sources, the MILSTRIP committee does not want a ROD to be issued should a discrepancy occur. The DoD MILSTRIP System Administrator will refer the ROD issue to the RODs committee for review and determination.

6 Comment: DoD 4160.21-M, chapter XXII, attachment 2, urgency of requirement codes need clarification. What is their relationship to MILSTRIP requisitioning? Do they conflict with UMMIPS priority designators? Paragraph F.6.g. says an R4 requirement of the owning service will not take precedence over an R1, R2, or R3 requirement of the other managing activity. How will the owning service know the urgency of requirement code of the managing activity?

Agreement: The urgency of requirement codes are not necessary for MILSTRIP transactions and do not relate to UMMIPS. Reclamation requisitions will contain PD 09-15. The PD will not be used to determine processing timeframes. The PD will only be used to determine priority of processing.

7 Question: What documents are used by the owning service to communicate with the reclaiming activity to determine if an end item is available to establish a reclamation project/program or if the ICP is considering establishing a reclamation project?

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Agreement: Communication for these purposes will be messages. Navy withdrew the question.

8 Comment: The reclaiming activity must be able to process cancellations, followups, and modifiers.

Agreement: Reclamation activities will be required to process MILSTRIP cancellation, followup, and modifier transactions.

(b) The MILSTRIP committee agreed to the following changes to PMCL 470A at MILSTRIP meeting 88-4 and the changes were affirmed at MILSTRIP meeting 89-1.

1 Require the reclaiming activity to provide an AE8 transaction for each condition code, by quantity available, for requisitions not filled because the requested condition code was not available. The AE8 transaction will contain Status Code CB and the available condition code will be entered in rp 74. If reported condition is acceptable, a new requisition will be submitted.

2 Remove condition codes from MILSTRIP and provide a reference to MILSTRAP.

3 The owning ICP will have the capability to process cancellation, modification, and followup documents against reclamation requisitions.

4 The owning ICP will be required to provide immediate status in response to a reclamation requisition indicating the date by which notification will be made on whether reclamation will or will not take place. The final status will be provided NLT 90 days from the date of the requisition.

5 A new status code will be assigned to indicate the requisition is being processed against a reclamation project. The ESD for release of materiel to the consignee will be contained in rp 70-73 of the status transaction.

6 A complete reclamation requisition format will be defined and made a part of appendix C1 of MILSTRIP.

7 The following will be added to chapter 2:

"RECLAMATION AUTHORIZED AT THE DRMO.

1. Normally, reclamation will be accomplished by a service reclaiming activity; however, reclamation of limited parts from usable property (such as a carburetor from a vehicle) is authorized at the DRMO subject to the following constraints:

a. A separate requisition is required for each item to be removed. The requisition will contain DI Codes AØR/AØP/AØQ as appropriate, "N" in rp 40 of the document number, and the extended value in rp 70-80 (estimated if value unknown).

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b. All requests and issues must be controlled by the applicable Military Service Accountable Officer.

c. Parts requested will be limited to those not available on a timely basis in wholesale system stocks but are needed promptly to meet priority requirements (UMMIPS priority 01-08).

d. Removal of parts will be accomplished by the DoD activity requesting the parts to include furnishing all necessary tools and equipment.

e. Reclamation requisitions for component parts to DRMOs must be manual walk-in, hand carried documents."

8 Add "Owning Service ICP" and its explanation to the definitions and terms section.

9 Add "Owning Service" before the words "ICP Processing," in chapter 3, paragraph F. (paragraph H. in PMCL 470B).

10 Insert "Owning Service" between "the" and "ICP" in chapter 4, paragraph H.9.

11 The format for the reclamation requisition will include a field for the identification of the RI code of the owning ICP.

(c) In addition to the above, the following changes were also agreed to by the committee:

1 The managing IMM/ICP will establish a due-in at the depot that is designated to receive the materiel.

2 An advice code will be established to restrict filling the reclamation requisition with only the condition of materiel as designated in the requisition.

3 Reclamation requisitions will contain priority designators no higher than 09.

(d) Agreement was reached that the focal points will use the advance copies of PMCL 470B for staffing and that PMCL 470B will be discussed at MILSTRIP meeting 89-2 in January 1989.

(2) Disposition. MILSTRIP PMCL 470B will be issued with changes for staffing. The focal points will provide their responses in December 1988, and PMCL 470B will be discussed at MILSTRIP meeting 89-2, 10-12 January 1989.

b. Topic 2. PMCL 15, Cooperative Logistics Program Support Code (CLPSC).

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(1) Discussion. During the discussion of the Service/Agency responses to PMCL 15, it became apparent that the Army and Navy focal points were not sure that PMCL 15 had validity in today's environment. Navy's FMS representative expressed the belief that this proposal had been overtaken by events. The Army has requested a waiver to DoD 7290.3, Foreign Military Sales Financial Management Manual, allowing the use of a FMSO II for drawdown. The Navy determines CLSSA requirements from demand forecasts based on the level of customer investment in the CLSSA, as opposed to line item management used by Army and Air Force.

The Army and Navy focal points requested, and DLA agreed, that the proposal be withdrawn from discussion at this meeting and that the focal points of each service review the minutes of the Interservice Cooperative Logistics Supply Support Arrangements (CLSSA) Logistical Working Group Meeting of 13-14 August 1986, with their FMS focal points who attended the meeting.

Service/Agency focal points requested that the PMCL be discussed at the next MILSTRIP meeting and that each focal point be provided a copy of the minutes from the CLSSA Logistical Working Group meeting.

(2) Disposition. This topic will be scheduled as the first topic for discussion at MILSTRIP focal point committee meeting 89-2, 10-12 Jan 1989. The focal points were provided copies of the minutes from the CLSSA Logistical Working Group Meeting of 13-14 August 1986. The focal points were requested to bring their FMS CLSSA experts to this meeting. Mr. Eugene Chin, OASD(P&L) will also be invited to attend this meeting.

c. Topic 3. PMCL 13A, Revised Dollar Threshold for Shipment Status (DI Code AS3) to DRMS.

(1) Discussion. The Marine Corps objected to the proposal because of the impact to field activities that manually prepare AS3s. The Marine Corps withdrew their objection after the DRMS agreed to accept mailed AS3 transactions. The Marine Corps will work toward the automation of systems for these field activities.

The Army concurred in the proposal with two comments. The comment on the excess equipment processed by U.S. Commissaries and the need to ensure proper reimbursement to the Trust Revolving Fund Account was resolved. The DRMS will ensure proper reimbursement is made to the Trust Revolving Fund Account. The Army's second comment, concerning the increase in preparing and processing DI Code AS3 transactions could add an extra burden to the supply system, was noted.

(2) Disposition: An RFID will be issued.

d. Topic 4. PMCL 14, Unit Price on DI Code AS3 for Shipments to DRMOs.

(1) Discussion. The committee discussed the staffing results of this proposed change which consisted of eight concurrences (two with comments) and two nonconcurrences.

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(a) The Marine Corps did not concur with the proposed change stating that the thrust of the PMCL would not pertain to the majority of turn-ins which are those resident on the DIDS TIR. Questions raised concerned whether or not a TCN/GBL is required for off-base shipments; will the DRMS perform an edit on the AS3 price not matching the price reported on the XR1 or listed in the DIDS TIR; if AS3s are rejected that do not contain a price, what are the DRMS reject procedures; and, what are the DRMS procedures for transactions citing a value which exceeds the seven position unit price field? The committee (including DRMS input) stated that a TCN/GBL is not required for shipments to DRMS. The DRMS will edit the AS3 price on NSN items against the DIDS TIR to verify the shipment for qualification of intransit control but will not reject DI Code AS3 transactions that do not have a price or an incorrect price. Transactions with a unit price that exceeds the unit price field will be sent to DRMS off line for manual processing. The Marine Corps withdrew their objections after this discussion.

(b) The TRANSCOM nonconcurred with the proposed change stating that intransit control cannot be obtained without the TCN, GBL, etc. and recommended that the unit price be entered in rp 78-80 in lieu of rp 62-68 because the TCN is more important for intransit control than the POE. The committee disagreed with the TRANSCOM comments. The DI Code ARO contains TCN or GBL information and rp 78-80 is not of sufficient length to contain the unit price.

(c) The Army comments, concerning the cost effectiveness of implementing this change prior to the implementation of SARSS and MODELS, and that current systems will require modification to accommodate the unit price on the DI Code AS3, were noted.

(d) The Navy recommended that the unit price not be made a mandatory entry due to the amount of items with no known price. The committee decided that there should be at least an estimated price on non NSN items. The Navy agreed with the revision to allow the entry of an estimated unit price when pricing information is not available.

(2) Disposition. An RFID will be issued and the following sentences will be added to the end of chapter 4, paragraph H.2.b. and appendix C17, unit price entry and instructions for shipments to disposal: "Enter estimated unit price if pricing information is not available. If the value for a part numbered transaction exceeds the unit price field, forward the transaction to DRMS off-line for manual processing."

e. Topic 5. PMCL 18, Accountability Documentation for Excess Property Received by DRMOs.

(1) Discussion. The committee discussed the staffing results of this proposal and concurred with the change based upon the addition of the following statement at the end of chapter 3, paragraphs LL.2.a.(2) and (3): "Use of computer listings by activities is subject to appropriate S/A implementing instructions."

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(2) Disposition. An RFID will be issued with the change cited above.

f. Topic 6. PMCL 9, Priority Designator Identification and Requirements.

(1) Discussion. The focal points at MILSTRIP Focal Point Committee Meeting 88-4 recommended PMCL 9 be withdrawn. The reason for the withdrawal was that UMMIPS, under the definition of urgency of need designator A, allows for priority designator (PD) of 01, 02, 03, 07, and 08, when an "unable to perform assigned operational mission" condition "will occur within 15 days in the CONUS and 20 days overseas."

The focal points were advised that their recommendation was discussed with Mr. Pete O'Toole, OSD focal point for UMMIPS, and the OSD focal point for the DoD IG report, which was the basis for PMCL 9. Mr. O'Toole agreed with the focal points rationale but not in the withdrawal of the PMCL. Mr. O'Toole stated the PD for ANMCS requisitions could remain 01-08 if MILSTRIP would include the 15 days CONUS and 20 days OCONUS limitation in the definition for ANMCS.

The focal points were provided a draft copy of an AMCL which incorporated the 15 days CONUS and 20 days OCONUS limitation in the definition for ANMCS. The focal points were requested to concur in this change with an implementation date of 1 May 1989. This request was made on the basis that this was a narrative change and no system change would be required.

The focal points concurred in the draft AMCL and the 1 May 1989 implementation date if a second sentence was added to paragraph 3. The second sentence is to read as follows: "Accordingly, reference 1.b (AMCL 9) is replaced by the enclosed approved change."

(2) Disposition. An AMCL will be issued with the change cited above.

g. Topic 7. RFID on AMCL 169A, Increasing Medical Supply Support in DEPRA Procedures (Staffed by PMCL 479).

(1) Discussion. DAAS raised questions on procedures contained in AMCL 169A and requested clarification. The following are procedures that were clarified.

(a) DAAS questioned procedures of chapter 8, subparagraph D.3.c.(6) AMCL 169A, which stated, "(6) Redistribution of medical items with less than 18 months of remaining shelf life shall not be made to fill war reserve or normal stock replenishments." DAAS recommended removing the words, "or normal stock replenishment." The rationale advanced by DAAS was, if medical items, with shelf life of less than 18 months, were excluded from filling war reserve requirements or normal stock replenishment, there would be no redistribution of medical PWR medical stocks. By removing these words, PWR medical assets

with 18-6 months of remaining shelf life could be used for normal stock replenishment. The committee agreed with DAAS's recommendation. AMCL 169A will be revised to reflect DAAS's recommendation.

(b) DAAS questioned how to identify an excess report on PWR medical assets with 18-6 months of remaining shelf life. It was agreed that a project code could be utilized to identify an excess report on PWR medical assets. A three series (3 \_\_) project code will be assigned by the DoD MILSTRIP System Administrator for this purpose.

(c) DAAS questioned the flow of an FTE on PWR medical assets with 18-6 months of remaining shelf life. Should the FTE transaction go only to DEPRA or flow to the ICP? Immediate resolution was not available. The focal points will furnish their S/A answer to the question in their response to AMCL 169A.

(2) Disposition. AMCL 169A, will be revised to remove the words, "or normal stock replenishment," from subparagraph D.3.c.(6), and require the use of a 3 \_\_ series project code to identify an excess report on PWR medical assets with 18-6 months of remaining shelf life. The S/As will provide their position on the flow of the FTE PWR medical assets transaction.

h. Topic 8. RFID for AMCL 4, DoD Issue Release/Receipt Document With Appended Address Label, DD Form 1348-2 (Staffed by PMCL 485).

(1) Discussion. The Army nonconcurred with the RFID for AMCL 4. Rationale given was that Army units are using the non-LOGMARS version, DD Form 1348-1 with appended address label and that Army resources are not available to accommodate this change.

The committee's discussion revealed that the Army has procured dot matrix printers for use in SARSS. The SARSS dot matrix printers produces the forms with printed data for Army retail. These printers do not have the capability to sequentially print bar code and in-the-clear data on the same line of print. The Army printer requires print mode change for each data type (graphic or character) and to effect two print passes on the same line. This operation is considered time prohibitive due to the number of forms required to be printed and equipment available.

The Army was concerned that the current DD Form 1348-1 with appended address label will not be available for use. Currently, Army is using metered mail in conjunction with the address label invalidating the need for preprinted indicia. It was agreed that this configuration (DD 1348-1 with address label) will be continued for use in DoD MILSTRIP, less the postage indicia, as required by the postal authorities and that DD Form 1348-2 will be included in MILSTRIP. Both address label versions will be available concurrently. On 1 November 1991, a review will be made to determine if the current DD Form 1348-1 with appended address label can be removed from DoD MILSTRIP. Concurrent use of both address labels will permit time necessary for Services/Agencies to revise print programs

and obtain necessary equipment. NOTE: The life cycle of the SARSS dot matrix printers will not expire until the 1994-1996 timeframe.

(2) Disposition. AMCL 4 will be issued with an implementation date of 1 November 1991, permitting use of the form (DD 1348-2) prior to established implementation date. The current DD Form 1348-1 with an address label, less preprinted postage indicia, will be retained in MILSTRIP.

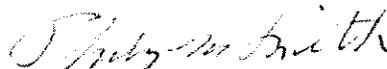
i. Topic 9. RFID for AMCL 3, Demand Data for Requisitions Satisfied by DEBRA (Staffed by PMCL 491).

(1) Discussion. The focal points were requested to improve their implementation dates to 1 November 1989 for AMCL 3. During the discussion, it was agreed that staggered implementation dates are acceptable and will not create difficulties among the Service/Agency supply systems.

(2) Disposition. AMCL 3 will be issued with staggered implementation dates that reflect dates provided by the Services/Agencies.

3. The focal points were thanked for their participation and the meeting was adjourned on 6 October 1988.

1 Encl



PHILIP M. SMITH  
Administrator  
DoD MILSTRIP System